**Parametric Functions** 

Objectives: Review parametric functions; Perform differential Calculus operations on parametric curves.

Definition of Parametric curve:

Ex 1. Sketch the curve described by the parametric equations

 $x = t^2 - 4$  and  $y = \frac{t}{2}$ ,  $-2 \le t \le 3$ .

**Ex 2**. Finding a rectangular equation that represents the graph of a set of parametric equations is called **eliminating the parameter**.

$$x = t^2 - 4$$
 and  $y = \frac{t}{2}$ ,  $-2 \le t \le 3$ .

Ex 3. Eliminate the parameter.

a.  $x = 2\cos t \ y = 2\sin t \ 0 \le t \le 2\pi$  b.  $x = \sqrt{\frac{t}{2}} \ y = t - 3$ 

Smooth curve:

Parametric form of the derivative:

**Ex 4**. Find dy/dx for the smooth curve given by x =sin(t) and y=cos(t). Then find the equation of the tangent at  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ 

Second derivative:

**Ex 5.** Find the second derivative in terms of t if  $x=t-t^2$  and  $y=t-t^3$ 

**You try**. Graph indicating the direction traced. Find the slope and concavity at the point (2,3)

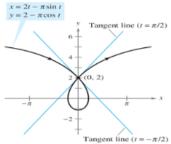
$$x=\sqrt{t} \quad y=\frac{1}{4}(t^2-4)$$

**You try** Graph indicating the direction traced. Find where the graph has a horizontal tangent. Then find where the second derivative is 0 or undefined.

 $x = t^2 - 5$   $y = 2 \sin t$   $0 \le t \le \pi$ 

The **prolate cycloid** given by crosses itself at the point (0, 2), as shown. Find the equations of both tangent lines at this point.

 $x = 2t - \pi \sin t$  and  $y = 2 - \pi \cos t$ 



This prolate cycloid has two tangent lines at the point (0, 2).

For the cycloid defined by x= tsin(t) and y =1-cos(t), determine the concavity at t =  $\pi$